

## DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

201020033

Uniform Issue List: 408.03-00

Dear \*\*\*\*\*:

|                       | FEB 2 3 2010 | ·             |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| *****<br>*****<br>*** |              | SE:T:EP:RA:T2 |
| Legend:               |              |               |
| Taxpayer A= ******    |              |               |
| Taxpayer B= ******    |              |               |
| Bank M= ******        |              |               |
| IRA X= ******         |              |               |
| IRA Y= *****          |              |               |
| Account F= *****      |              |               |
| Account G= *****      |              |               |
| Account H= *****      |              |               |
| Amount S= *****       |              |               |
| Date1= *****          |              |               |
| Date 2= *****         |              |               |
| Date 3= *****         |              |               |

\*\*\*\*\*

Page 2

This is in response to your letter dated \*\*\*\*\*\* as supplemented by additional correspondence submitted on \*\*\*\*\*\* submitted on your behalf by your authorized representative, in which you requested a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

The following facts and representations have been submitted under penalty of perjury in support of your ruling request.

Taxpayer A, age \*\*\*\*\* represents that she received a distribution from IRA X totaling Amount S. Taxpayer A asserts that her failure to accomplish a rollover of Amount S within the 60-day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to an error by an employee of Bank M, which led to Amount S being placed into a non-IRA account. Taxpayer A represents that Amount S has not been used for any other purpose.

Taxpayer A's deceased spouse, Taxpayer B maintained IRA X with Bank M until his death on Date 1. On Date 2, documentation was completed by Taxpayer A, as surviving spouse of Taxpayer B and as sole beneficiary of IRA X, to transfer Amount S from IRA X into her previously established IRA Y which held Account F. However, due to a clerical error made by an employee of Bank M, Amount S was placed into a non-retirement taxable account, Account G, which was not included in IRA Y. On Date 3, after Account G matured, Taxpayer A transferred Amount S into Account H, which was included in IRA Y. Acting under the assumption that Account H should not be included in IRA Y because Account G was not included in IRA Y, Bank M moved Amount S into a non-retirement taxable account. On a later date, Bank M discovered that the failure to maintain Account H in IRA Y was a result of the improper coding of Account G as a non-qualified retirement account.

Documentation from Bank M admits that an error was made by an employee of Bank M and that Amount S was not invested into an IRA as Taxpayer A had requested.

Based upon the above facts and representations, you request that the Internal Revenue Service waive the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Code with respect to the distribution of Amount S.

Section 408(d)(1) of the Code provides that, except as otherwise provided in section 408(d), any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA shall be included in gross income by the payee or distribute as the case may be, in the manner provided under section 72 of the Code.

Section 408(d)(3) of the Code defines and provides the rules applicable to IRA rollovers. Section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(1) of the

\*\*\*\*\*

Page 3

Code does not apply to any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA to the individual to whose benefit the account is maintained if:

- (i) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an IRA for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60<sup>th</sup> day after the day on which he receives the payment or distribution; or,
- (ii) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an eligible retirement plan (other than an IRA) for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60<sup>th</sup> day after the date on which the payment or distribution is received, except that the maximum amount which may be paid into such plan may not exceed the portion of the amount received which is includible in gross income (determined without regard to section 408(d)(3)).

Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(3) does not apply to any amount described in Section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) received by an individual from an IRA if at any time during the 1-year period ending on the day of such receipt such individual received any other amount described in Section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) from an IRA which was includible in gross income because of the application of section 408(d)(3).

Section 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code provides a similar 60-day rollover period for partial rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(E) of the Code provides that the rollover provisions of Section 408(d) do not apply to any amount required to be distributed under Section 408(a)(6).

Section 408(d)(3)(i) of the Code provides that the Secretary may waive the 60-day requirement under Sections 408(d)(3)(A) and 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual subject to such requirement. Only distributions that occurred after December 31, 2001, are eligible for the waiver under Section 408(d)(3)(l) of the Code.

Revenue Procedure 2003-16, 2003-4 I.R.B. 359, provides that in determining whether to grant a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(i) of the Code, the Service will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including: (1) errors committed by a financial institution, (2) inability to complete a rollover due to death, disability, hospitalization, incarceration, restrictions imposed by a foreign country, or postal error; (3) the use of the amount distributed; and, (4) the time elapsed since the distribution occurred.

\*\*\*\*\*

Page 4

The information and documentation submitted by Taxpayer A is consistent with her assertion that her failure to accomplish the rollover within the 60-day period prescribed by Section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to an error by Bank M which led to Amount S being placed in a non-IRA account.

Therefore, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the IRS hereby waives the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distribution of Amount S. Provided all other requirements of section 408(d)(3) of the Code, except the 60-day rollover requirement are met with respect to Amount S which was placed in IRA Y will be considered a rollover contribution within the meaning of section 408(d)(3) of the Code.

Please note that, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(E) of the Code, this ruling does not authorize the rollover of Code section 401(a)(9) minimum required distributions.

No opinion expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations that may be applicable hereto.

This ruling is directed solely to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

If you have any questions regarding this ruling, please contact SE:T:EP:RA:T2, I.D. No. . . . at . .

Sincerely yours,

Donzell H. Littlejohn, Manager Employee Plans Technical Group 2

**Enclosures:** 

Deleted Copy of Ruling Letter Notice of Intention to Disclosure

CC:

\*\*\*\*